

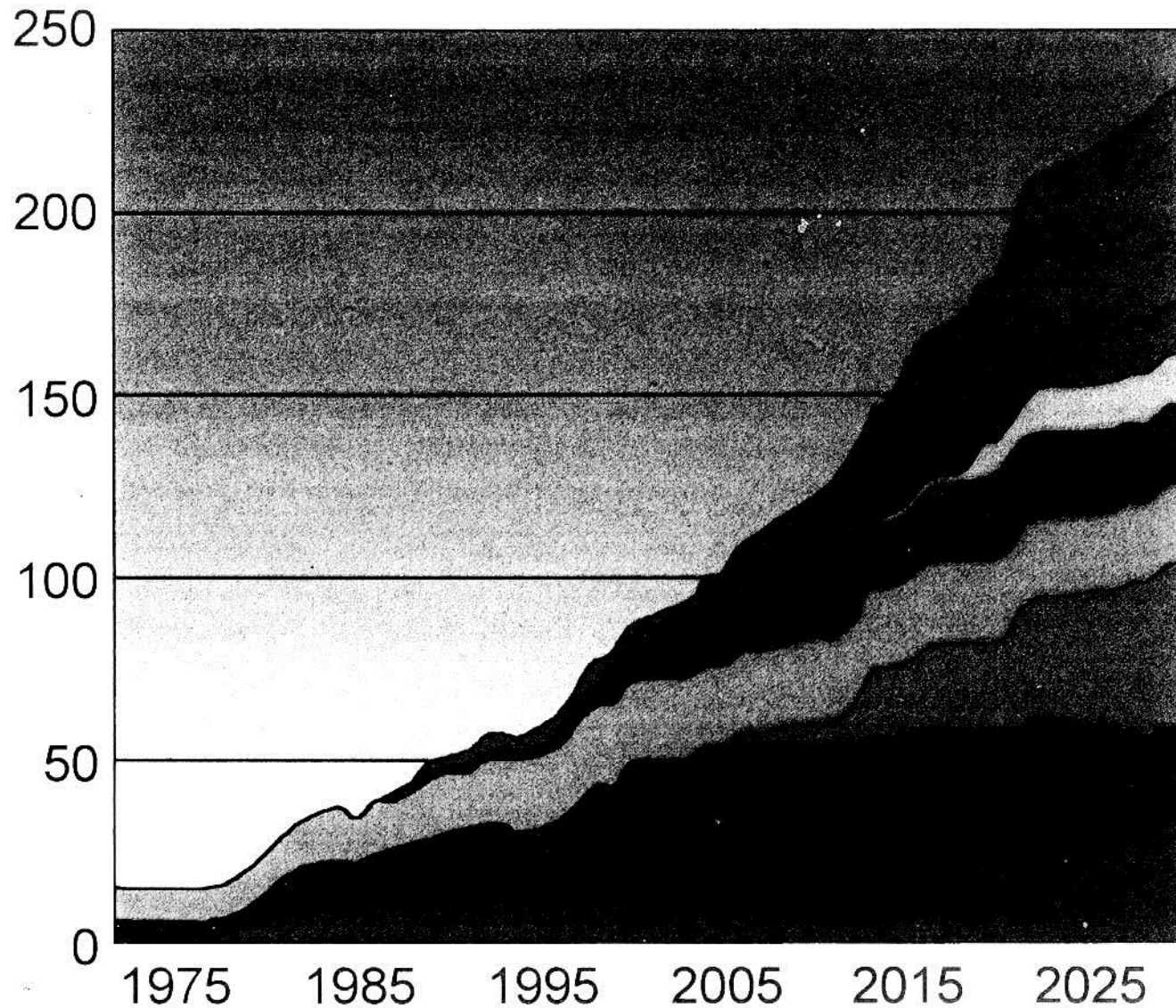
Bioenergy for GHG mitigation in Denmark: success stories and future policy developments

Niels Heding

Danish Centre for Forest, Landscape and Planning
nih@fsl.dk

IEA Bioenergy Task 38 Workshop, 12-13 Nov. 2001

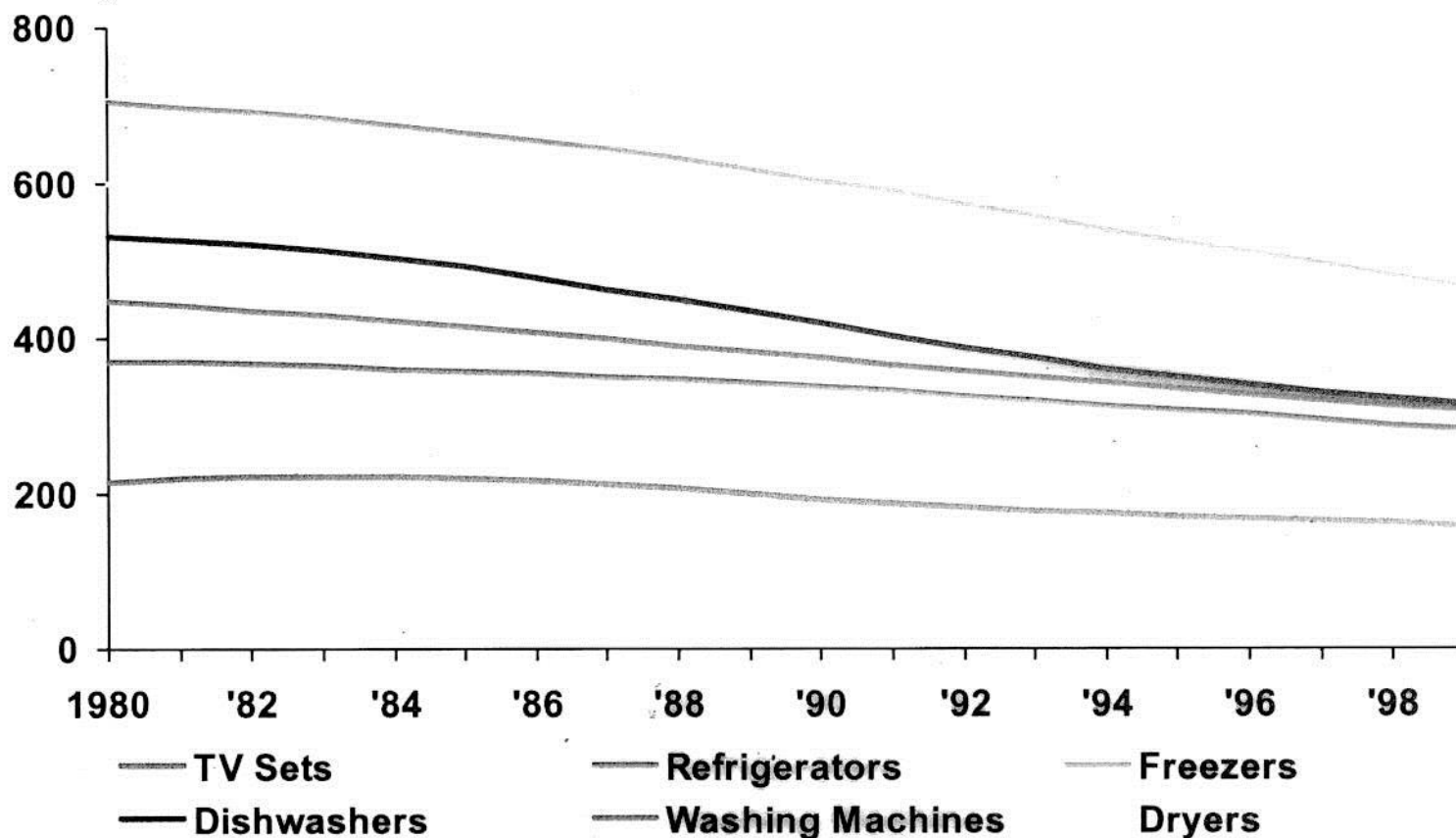
PJ/per annum



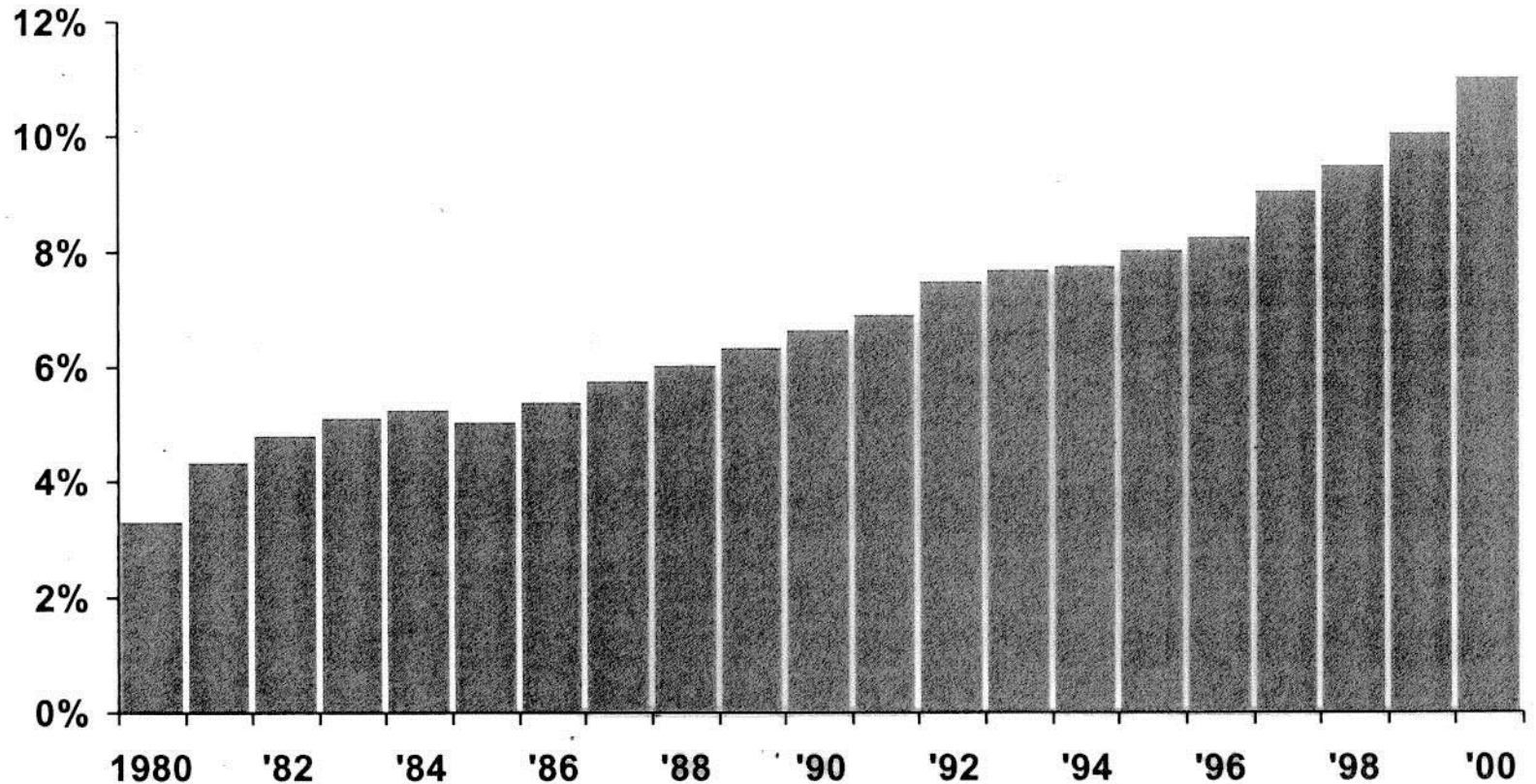
- Wind energy
- Geothermal energy
- Ambient heat
- Solar heat
- Biogas
- Waste
- Energy crops
- Wood
- Straw

Specific Consumption of Electrical Appliances

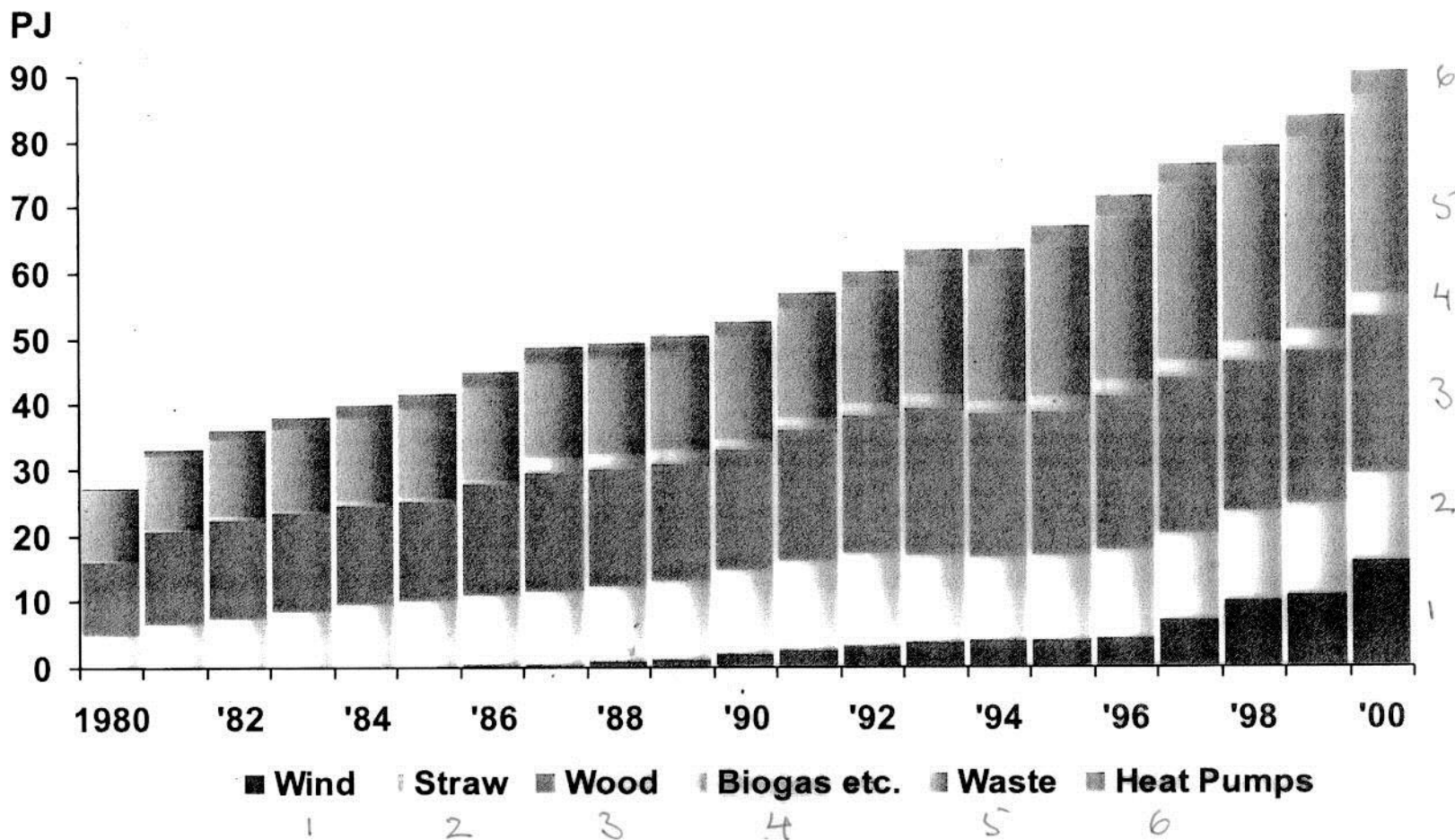
kWh/year



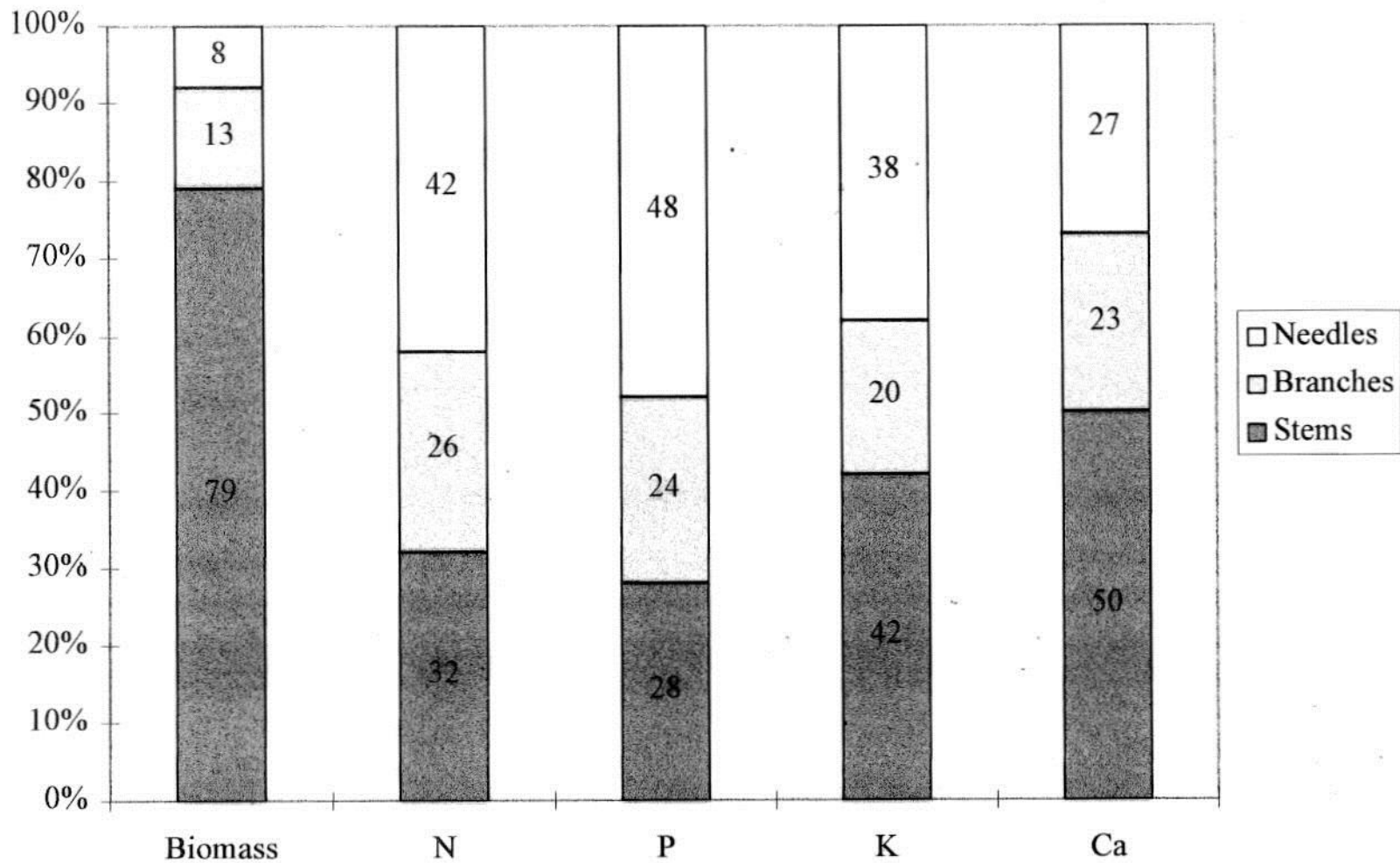
Renewable Energy etc.- Share of Gross Energy Consumption



Production of Renewable Energy etc. by Energy Product

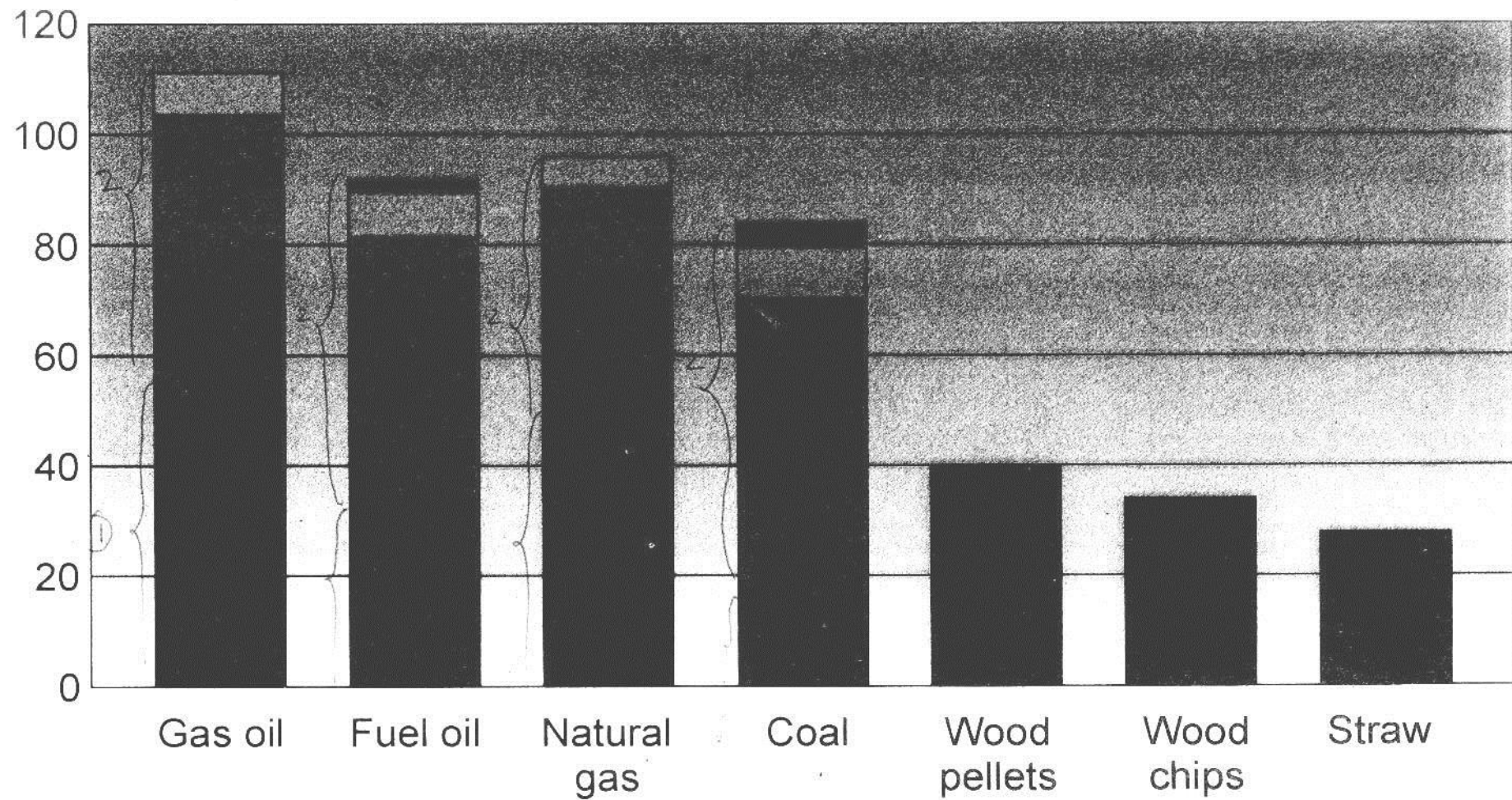


- 1. The exploitation of wood waste from wood industry for energy purposes.**
- 2. The exploitation of wood residues from forestry for energy purposes.**
- 3. Cultivation of wood solely for energy purposes in the form of Short Rotation Forestry.**
- 4. The exploitation of waste wood resources from the consumer for energy purposes.**



Relative distribution of needles, branches, and trunks on 50 years old Norway spruces and the relative content of plant nutrients (Heding Løyche, 1984)

DKK/GJ



Price excluding taxes Energy tax CO₂ tax Sulphur tax

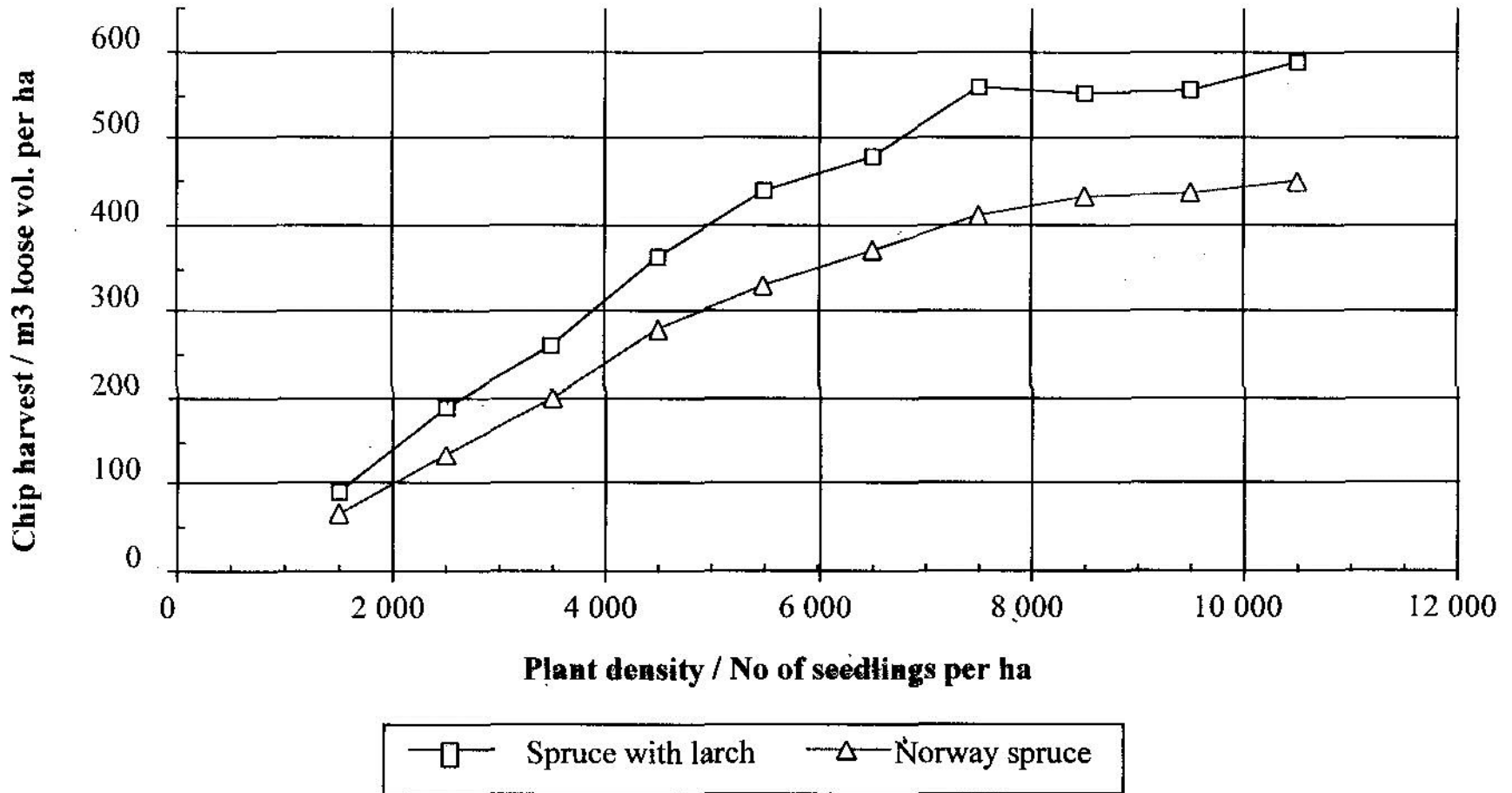
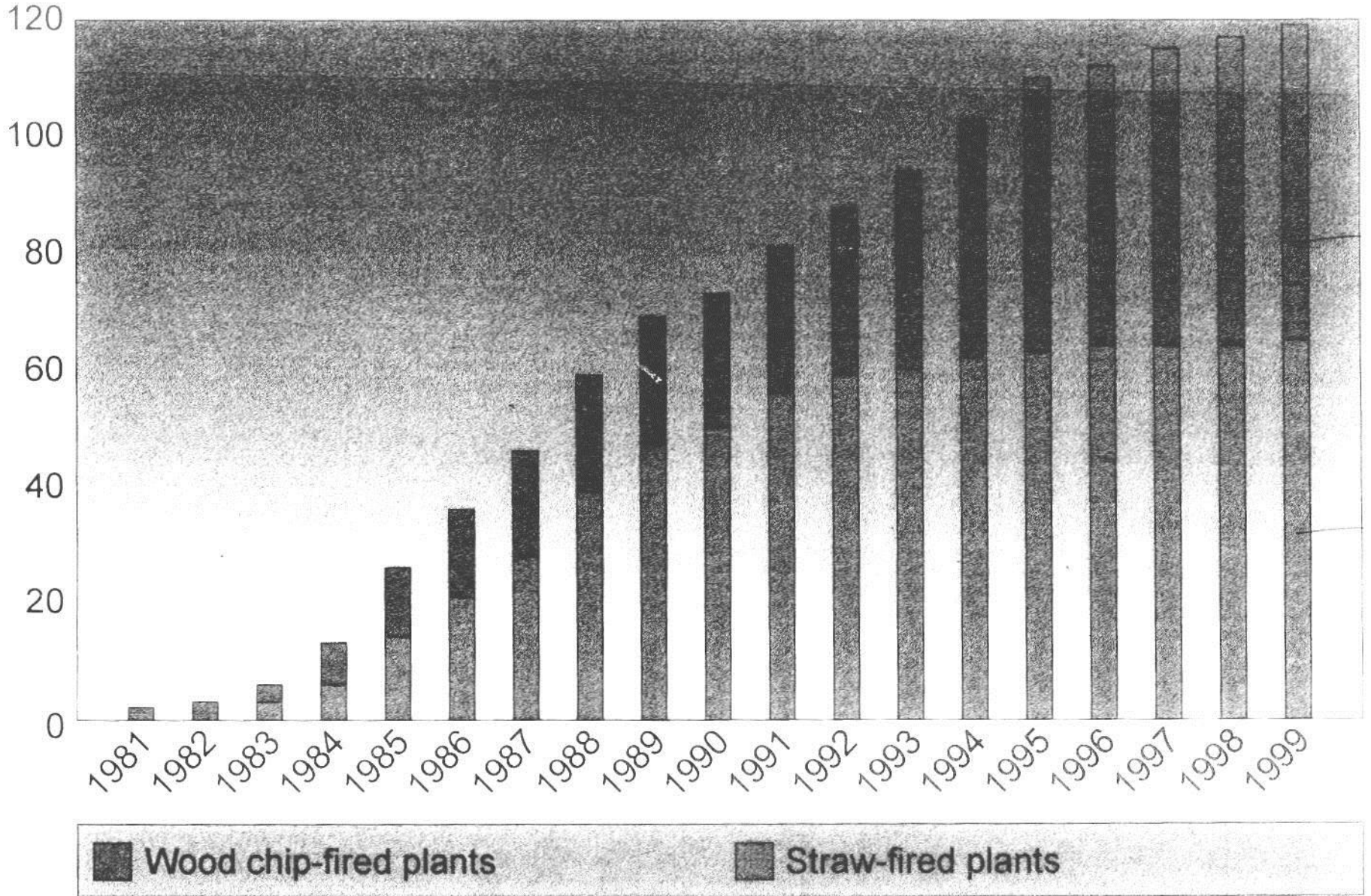


Fig. 1 Total chips harvest in m³ loose volume per ha for Norway spruce and Norway spruce without nurse tree on a richer soil at variable plant densities.

Danish Salix plantations - production results 1989, 1990, 1991.

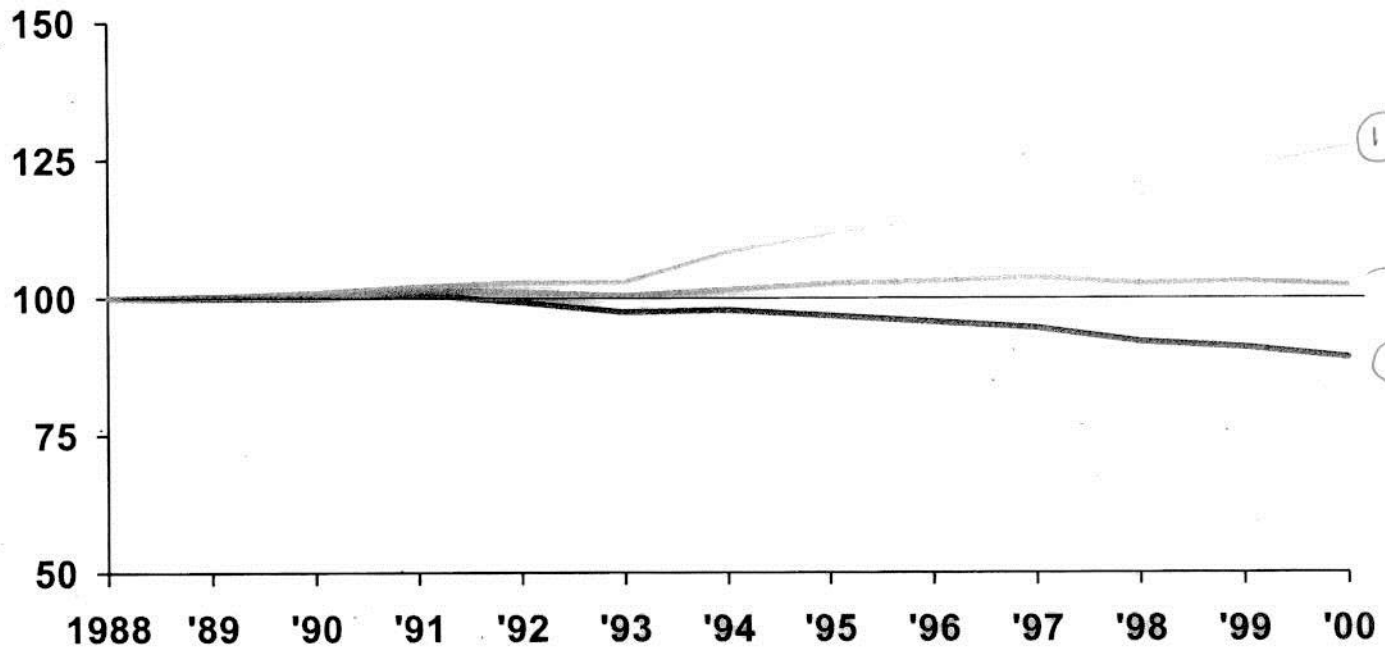
Plot number and clone	Average production		
	ton dry matter/ha and year		
	1989	1990	1991
1 - 087	5,9	6,8	5,8
2 - 087	6,7	6,0	4,8
3 - 087	7,6	6,3	6,0
4 - 683	7,2	8,0	5,7
5 - 062	9,0	9,2	7,2
6 - 183	10,4	9,5	9,5
7 - 112	4,0	6,8	7,7
Average	7,3	7,5	6,7

Number of plants



GDP, CO₂ and Gross Energy Consumption

Index 1988=100



- 1 — GDP, 1995- Prices
- 2 — CO₂-emissions, Adjusted
- 3 — Gross Energy Consumption, Adjusted